

Secretary's Notes: Actober 85 Meet;

October 16, 1985-Vestal Library, 7pm

17 members attending. Clyde Tackley brought his new R6B monitor and R6B interface he purchased from E. Arthur Brown Co, 3404 Pawnee Drive, Alexandria MN 56308, for \$22. Gary Ennis brought along a composite color monitor for comparison. Clyde ran thru the installation procedure-quite simple, and the results, if you are used to using the old family TV are simply great! F-15 Fighter Pilot was a whole new program on R6B. Composite monitor is a poor second.

Wes demoed his hardware, an omni board with a EPROM which will load the impossible to copy Spectrum software and make it a breeze to copy. The EPROM dups the Sprectrum ROM and in the spare unused space Wes added a bootstrap and a couple more goodies, a 64 column driver and an interrupt routine. The status of CLONE was discussed, it now is out of the test stage and ready for marketing. As soon as the documentation is finished the software will be marketed. The questions of how are still unresolved and will be addressed at the November meet.

The increase in dues was discussed and the bi-montly newsletter change from monthly should keep the dues the same for another year. A piea for local members to pay this years dues went out, Thanks to Jerry K. one more renewed. The Nov/Dec issue will be the last for local members not having renewed.

Gary E. hopes to have the Timex disc system up and running at the next meet.



November 20 Heet;

November 20, 7pm, Vestal Public Library- 16 members attending. Sary Ennis was at the GE Computer club demoing the Amiga. To help ring in our fourth year, pizza and coke for all. Wes Brzozowski, our vizard emeritus, paused to remember how it was about 10 years ago. With the help of ads from a BYTE mag of 1977 vintage, the what was at how much was brought home with the current prices and hardware. The early software available for the IX81 and first TS1000 was almost embarrasing crude compared to the arcade games available today. Also Wes remember how things were at the first meets of SINCUS-quite a crowd- over 50 attending the first meeting. A number had other computers and didn't return. Wes was demoing "The Edge", an arcade game on the composite color monitor that Carl Morris brought in. The status of CLONE is nearing the market. A final test of the documentation and the software will be ready for sale.

NOTICE-----

Our yearly bout with winter is about to start, and if the Broome County Sheriff's department declares a SMOW EMERGENCY on the day of the meeting, the meeting is CANCELLED. If it looks nasty out then think twice before risking life and limb. Drive safely!!

If in doubt about the meeting call me at 798-7219 after 5pm, or call the library, as I will notify the library in case of cancellation.

A couple members are looking into the QL! If they can get a couple questions answered, then the QL comes to the area!

Best vishes in the New Year and Have a Happy Holiday- from all of us here upstate New York and Pennsylvania to all our readers around the vorld!

T/S 2068 BASICS AND BEYOND BY SHARON Z. AKER

I read of this book in Mark Fendrick's COMPUTER SHOPPER column, *Timex/Simclair Survival Column* earlier this year and have been looking for it since. Last month I got a flyer from Sunset Electronics, 2254 Taraval St., San Francisco, CA 94116, and there it was, and two weeks later I had it in my hands.

I was DISAPPOINTED! I skinned thru it looking for the BEYOND, not finding any put it down. But that isn't the end of the story. A couple days later while down with the latest version of the flu, I was looking for anything to read and picked up Aker's book and began reading; and found that I had the name of the book WRONG! In the Sunset ad, it says TS2068 BASIC and BEYOND, but the title is T/S2068 BASICS and BEYOND. So I was looking for something beyond BASIC, not Basics. So I reread the book in this light and it does the job and very well indeed. The book is for the new user, and for anyone without a proper education in computer sciences, this takes you by the hand thru all the keys you look at but are afraid to ask about. Anyhow the reader should sit in from of the 2068 when reading this to try out each step and learn something new. I've been around Sinclair Basic for almost four years, and have learned several new uses of the logic keys.

The chapter on BEEP and SOUND is not disappointing. Ms. Aker covers the basics of music, mergers that with the sound chip, and gives you something to expirience. While on SOUND and BEEP, Mark Fendrick, see first paragraph, is writing on same in his column, it started in the Nov. 85 issue. Mark also wrote a piece in the 2X Computing magazine (England) Nov/Dec 85 issue reviewing Ms. Aker's book and gave it very good marks. I paid 9.95 plus's & h for the book-and unless you are past BASIC, this could be a plus in your library.

Paul Hill, SINCUS

News and Views

EMC put out a very neat catalog, if you didn't get one write to Bob Dyl, 15 Kilburn Ct, Newport, Rhode Island 02840. Much new and low priced Spectrum software, and QL software. If you tend to drool over the Christmas Sears Catalogs, then get your bib ready for this one!

SUMWARE-new address folks-they moved from the snow belt to the sun belt-SUMWARE, PO Box 13, Ellenton, FL 33532-0013. They still have much TS hardware- the modem, printer and recorder amoung all their latest material for Spectrum and 2068 machines. They also ad the Portugeese disc and 2068, so if you're in the neighborhood stop in, if not, drop 'em a line.

TIME DESIGNS sent us a sample of their latest effort. Congrats! to these folks on their first anniversary. To subscribe write to them at 29722 Hult Rd. Colton, Oregon 97017.

In the Sep/Oct issue of this column, I wrote some views on software pirating. In the Nov 85 issue of the Computer Shopper, there is part one of a two part column on this same subject. One view that I hadnt considered is that pirates really help spread, the word about the good or bad, and help the vendors with customers with problems. Maybe the pirates ought to look into 'taxing the programmers for all the help that they've been. Another column came across with a new idea- called site licensing for user groups/companies to purchase the right to produce a limited number of legit copies for a price. The Computer Shopper carries a lot, if you dont get this you arent doing yourself a favor-write: 407 S. Washington Ave. PDB F Titusville, FL 32781

Oct 27,'85 <u>NY TIMES</u> carried a full page ad from IBM for the PCjr. Boy it looks like everybody is playing the Coke game! (you remember NEW Coke?) and on the next page you could get a jr for less than \$700 with color monitor!

2% Computing Oct/Nov 85 issue arrived October 26 arrived from England, quite a decent magazine. If you have a Spectrum or a 2% and 2068 users can learn a bit too! Over 120 pages for \$16 (US) with group discount. The Spectrum is THE home game computer overseas by far. Single subscriptions are \$19.50 surface mailed to your address: ZX Computing, Infonet Ltd., Times House, 1/9 The Marloves, Hemel Hempstead, Herts, HP1 iBB, use a Visa card for ease of money transfer. The differences in language are not enough to cause one confusion- anticlockwise for counterclockwise-and with enough British TV on our Public TV Network one does feel familiar with the phrases. Quite.

Excerpts from conversations on T/S channel on Compuserve, thanks to Clyde Tackley...much on in October about Disc drives and what is better 3" or 5.25" or 3.5" or ... many opinions on quality of systems, but some are from sellers of same...reported that Bob Dyl is having problems with Timex Portugal on getting Disk drives, and that goes for Tebra too. Ramex system had one rooter and a blurb that they are trying the Andek 3° 00 system with Kempson IF...Aerco has its side well presented and detractors present too...a few of our corresponding members are on quite frequently, a couple from Canada and California...if you are in a hurry to solve a problem on you Sinclair system, the Compuserve T/S channel can get the attention of several users around the country and Canada in a hurry and perhaps get headed in the right direction as to finding a solution. Iteas for sale, hints and little tidbits on different products are there by the foot! Clyde's printout was over 17 feet long-2 columns wide.!!

SUM-3224 Northwest 30th Avenue, Gainesville, FL 32605, Sept 85 issue is very slick! Have opinions on adding a keyboard and they review several that are available as well as show you how to hook up the old TI99 keyboard. \$15 a year for subscription.

Last winter I had the idea of a get together down around Atlantic City, NJ-well dont worry, I'm not going to kick that one around again, but the college in Trenton NJ-(Trenton State College, Deprt of EE Tech, Hillwood Lakes CN 550, Trenton, NJ, 08625) across the line from Philadelphia Pa has a weekend flea market and computer and electronic seminars-commercial booths club's tables-non profit outfits. It has been going on for about 7 years every spring, next April 19 and 20 contact Steve Leon, 200 Winston Dr. Cliffside Park, NJ 07010 call evenings at 201-886-1658. Well here is a chance to meet many in the computing field, and an opportunity for east coasters to meet and chev a few words-heck by April 20 the snow is hardly deep at all around here, most years anyways. I came across two somewhat related articles this month, and since they pertain to most of us I thought I'd pass on a few tips for doing business by mail. In one of later issues of the Vancouver Sinclair User Group's newsletters, August or Sept 1985, a warning was issued to all about doing business with a certain mail order outfit in one of the states. The place was mention by name, but for the life of me I can not locate the letter. It wasn't welt known, well by me anyway. The complaint was a cashed check and after a couple months no merchandise.

A couple days later, I get the latest issue of Modern Electronics, and there is an editorial on, Buying by Mail! Well if I may I will pass on a few tips included in the editorial-All mail-order merchandise (with noted exceptions) are covered by the Trade Regulation Rule of the Federal Trade Commission(FTC). If you have a problem write them at:

> Federal Trade Commission Enforcement Division Washington, DC 20580

Some of the rules are;

> Shipment of a properly(see below) completed order must be made within 30 days after its receipt UNLESS shipment time is clearly stated in a solicitation, [allow S-6 weeks for delivery] >If a shipment is delayed, the seller must send you a notice within 30 days after receiving the order, or before the shipping time noted in the solicitation, that gives you a revised shipping date or notice that a shipping date cannot be determinedplus an option to cancel your order. The notice should also provide a way to respond, either an '800' telephone number, or a prepaid post card. ALSO you should be advised that non response is considered acceptance.

>Automatic cancellation-should occur if the seller cannot ship within 30 days after the original date, or shipping date cannot be determined. If you inform the seller that you agree to the indefinite shipping date, you still have the right to cancel any time prior to shipping.

)Refunds must be sent to you by 1st class mail within 7 days after the order is cancelled. Plastic refunds maybe refunded with in one billing cycle.

>Credit vouchers, script, due pills are NOT substitutes for a refund.

Merchandise cannot be substituted that's different from what you ordered vithout your authorization; the seller's receipt of a properly completed order CAN BE CONSTRUED to mean the time at which he gets notice that a check or money order for the proper amount has been honored.

>NOT covered by FTC-plastic by telephone only.

-magazines and similiar serial deliveries.

- 3 --

-C.O.D. orders

-FTC's Negative option Rule such as book and and record clubs, mail-order photo finishers, and other in the service class, not merchandise.

>Fraud is in another ball park, the postal authority, the US Attorney's office, and if within your state, the local or state attorney General's office are the one's to contact.

>Poor service, not punishable by law, should be brought to the attention of the seller, and everyone who carried his ads, and all potential buyers. If you think you are getting the run around, get the matter to the head guy at the service, spell out your complaint. Be clear, and level headed about it. He way not be aware of the problem yet. Then if no response in 3 weeks, open up your beel to the editor of the publications that handle his ads. Write to newsletters, daily papers, and tell your friends.

>I wish we could say that we were perfect, but I can't. The business of running a newsletter, is fairly straight forward. The problems are in lack of communication, on our part, or our subscribers part. We have one name, and cashed check and no address, because the one member thought the other had the addess. The subscriber to be didnt have a note with the check. Hope fully the guy writes soon and complains, so at least we'll know where to mail his money or subscription. With our one address now I hope there will be less confusion.

SThanks to Modern Electronics, editor Art Salsberg, for the data and here's their address: Modern Electronics Inc, 76 North Broadway, Hicksville, NY 11801. A decent publication for the geople who miss the old Popular Electronics

At the October meet Wes left several catalogs from THOUGHTS & CROSSES, 37 Market St. Heckmondwike W. York- England-they have a hardware and software catalogs, they take VISA and Wes has had very good service with them. Ian Robertson also has much nice words for T & C.

SUNSE: ELECTRONICS, 2254 Taraval St. San Francisco, CA 94116 call 415-665-8330-ad for a QL, for\$ 299.00. Taking orders 11/1.

SYNCHARE GROUP is publishing <u>"Memonotes"</u>, 4 times a year for Memotext and Memocalc users. \$13.95(US) write to MemoNotes,c/o Thomas Woods,PD Box 64, Jefferson, NH 03583 USA. Tape versions are available of the Memotext word-processor program with improvements-\$29.95, an EPROM version is \$34.95, write for data to Fred Nachbaur, Compartment 12, Mountain Station Broup Box, Nelson, BC VIL SPI Canada.

Paul Hill, SINCUS

LOCAL CLUB NEWS SINCUS MEETING DATES-**DECEMBER 18 1985** ----- 1986----JANUARY 15 JULY 16 FEBRUARY 12 * AUGUST 20 SEPTEMBER 17 MARCH 12 * 15 OCTOBER APRIL 16 MAY 21 NOVEMBER 19 20 JUNE 18 DECEMBER

7PM VESTAL PUBLIC LIBRARY-TV ROOM * 2ND WEDNESDAY OF MONTH !!

THERE HAS BEEN INFORMAL DISCUS-SION ABOUT A CHANGE OF MEETING DAY AND TIME TO SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND I WOULD WELCOME INPUT ON THIS AT UPCOMING MEETS. THE LATE NIGHT MEET IS DIFFICULT FOR SOME AND PERFECT FOR OTHERS-A SHOW OF HANDS?

Fart 5

or, the joy of using interrupts on your computer -By Wes Brzozowski

Thanks for the och's and ahh's over last month's interrupt driven sprite program. Even though he doesn't do all that much, there is a certain novelty to seeing his happy face bouncing around the screen while we do other things. Although I said I'd explain that program this time, there are two big guys at the door who've "persuaded" me to take a little detour. (Or at least, that's the way it seems. Don't worry, we'll get back to the sorites sometime soon.)

Actually, I've gotten some complaints that I'm "dragging my feet" about discussing the Non Maskable Interrupt (NMI, for short). This may be so, and I DO listen carefully to what you have to say. In any case, since some of you haven't yet gotten around to entering that sprite program (summertime you know) this will give you a chance to get caught up. Furthermore, using the NMI will require you to build a bit of non-trivial hardware to get around a bug in the ROM. In this article, I'll show you what you need. You'll have a month to build it, and I'll show you how to use it next time. (Hopefully, we'll talk about sprites too.)

The hardware you'll need will include the "NMI Switch" shown in this article and the Universal LROS/AROS Development Board described in the November 1984 issue of SINCUS NEWS. The schematic will be reprinted here if space permits. (Those of you who joined SINCUS since the publication of that article who want a copy of that article should contact me personally (Enclose a stamped self addressed envelope. PLEASE DON'T SEND ANY MONEY for copying just yet.)

The LROS/AROS Development Board lets you run RAM in your cartridge bank. If you have a tape of the code from a Spectrum ROM, you can also have a SPECTRUM emulator. If you instead insert the code from the IS2060 home ROM, you can change the code to fix the NMI bug (or do whatever other tricks your macking heart desires!) Note that the IS2060 code was written to be run in the cartridge bank. This causes some minor, but tolerable, problems. The Spectrum ROM codes run without a mitch.

In the mode we'll be using the board, it won't be compatible with an EMU-type emulator, or my own "Extra Simple Spectrum Emulator", because they all try to use the same memory space. Since the LROS/AROS Development Board can already function as a Spectrum emulator, this incompatibility is not a problem. (In case anyone's interested, it was by simulating the Spectrum ROM on this board that I originally became convinced the the "Extra Simple Spectrum Emulator" was feasible. If you're really good at soldering, you can build this board

If you're really good at soldering, you can build this board to fit the cartridge slot; mine does, and its quite handy. However, since the NMI switch will have to be built to the rear connector (the necessary NMI line doesn't appear at the cartridge slot) it may be worthwhile to build the whole thing to the rear connector.

Since publication of the article on the board a year ago, the price of the 8kx8 RAM chips it uses have fallen from \$30 to under 5 bucks a piece. (anyone who taunts me about what I must have spent to build the original board will get no further help from me!) Consequently, this gadget, which can be run as a Spectrum emulator (with the proper code), runs HOT Z-AROS) Ray lingsley at least USED to sell the code on cassette), and can be used to develop your own cartridge programs, is already a worthwhile gadget to have around. Used with the NMI switch, its ovnamite!

Originally, I'd hoped that readers would supply some programs for use with this board, but we have a chicken- and-egg situation. Without programs, only a few readers have boards, and without many readers using them, not too many programs were developed. Never fear, I've been digging down into my old notes to get the info we need to start things going. Wait'll you see!

Interrupts? Oh, yes, we were talking about them, weren't we? Basically, the NMI works as follows. When the NMI line at the rear connector is brought MOMENTARILY to ground, the computer stops what it's doing and starts executing code at HQQA6. So that the computer doesn't lose its place, the address where it left off goes on the machine stack. Also, the status of the maskable interrupt is saved, and then the maskable interrupt is disabled.



The NMI cannot be disabled, so we can use it to interrupt most programs. (Some Spectrum programs will crash themselves if they "suspect" that we've added NMI capabilities. This is because the NMI is a useful tool for "hacking in" to copy protected programs.) In order to make NMI work for all programs,

our LROS/AROS board would have to be a good deal more complicated, and the number of "NMI protected" programs is very small. I don't see the benefit in doing so at present.

small. I don't see the benefit in doing so at present. When we're done servicing our NMI, we want to sent the computer back to what it was doing. All that's necessary is to restore whatever registers we've changed, and then use a RETN instruction. We don't use an ordinary RET in this case because it does not restore the status of the maskable interrupt as RETN does.

This all looks very nice, but there's a problem; address H0066 is in the ROM, and the ROM code there has a bug. (Whether or not the bug is intentional is subject to some debate.) What it SHOULD have done is as follows. If memory locations HSCB0/1 (23728/9 decimal) contain a non-zero address, that address would be jumped to. If, instead both locations contain zeros, the interrupt routine would simple return via RETN. Unfortunately, the ROM has it coded the other way around. The jump will only occur if these locations contain zeros. As such, the ROM code reduces the powerful nmi function to a reset switch which can disable the software.

The good news is that we need to change only one byte to fix the program. Two ways to do this come readily to mind. WE can build a circuit that disables the computer memory when the "bugfull" byte is being addressed, and then inserts the proper byte on the data bus. Alternately, we can build a circuit that completely replaces the ROM and its code. The second solution only costs a bit more, "but you can do much more with it. Also, it's already been designed and debugged; it's the LROS/AROS Development Board. It should be noted that the board has been designed to accommodate RAM, ROM, or EEPROM. Make sure you outfit it with 6264 RAM chips.

Remember that interrupt driven print-screen program we used to play around with? Many of you discovered that it worked fine with BASIC, but that many commercial programs disabled the maskable interrupt, rendering it useless. An NMI version can't be disabled, and I've included some sample printouts to "wet your appetite". Can you identify the four Spectrum games that match the illustrations? How may of you "game Freaks" would like to make a full screen printed map of the "SW" jungle, or the "JSW" mansion? Now its easy. (Provided you can get at eac screen in the first place.)

Get that hardware built, and we'll see how to use it next time. As always, you're welcome to contact me, Wes Brzozowski, 337 Janice St., Endicott, NY 13760. If you wish, feel free to call (Not collect, and before 9:00 P. M. Eastern time, please) at (607) 785-7007. Happy Computing.



WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE

Being a conveniently intermittent column of rantings, ravings, and free advertising for those who catch the attention ---- Wes Brzozowski οf

It's been along time since this column appeared here, but new developments in the home computer world continue to emerge. For the TS1000 users out there, Software Farm (in England) has produced a third new high resolution graphics game for your machine. For those just tuning in, it's possible through some clever and incredibly perverse software tricks to coax high resolution graphics out of the TS1000. Though the hardware wasn't designed for it, there isn't a very unobvious way to do the job, and the folks at Software Farm are going all out to make use of it.

The new program is called ZXtricator (the other two are Forty Niner and Rocket Man). I've heard that some U. S. distributors carry these programs, but I have no names just now. Any dealer who carries them can get a free mention here just by writing and telling me. In the mean time, I'd suggest checking flyers of the larger dealers.

TS2068 users will be pleased to hear that various Spectrum programs are being translated to work on a standard TS2068 (so that no Spectrum emulator is required). I've seen Fighter Filot, a simulation of the F-15, and it's quite impressive. I option to use the TIMEX joystick ports is not only thoughtful, it's absolutely necessary. Flying the beast from the keyboard just can't be done by ordinary mortals. Our friends at the Knighted Computers get the praises for this one, and they're working on others. Check it out!

Speaking of joysticks, most users of Spectrum Emulators know by now that the TIMEX joystick ports don't work with Spectrum software. The Spectrum doesn't have a built in port, and Sinclair waited so long that before introducing one that several other outfits have produced their own. As a result, there are several (totally incompatible) joystick standards for the Spectrum, and many British programs start by asking which joystick you have. (The big menu that first comes up on the excellent Sabre Wolf is a prime example of this very sad situation,)

Nevertheless, the dominant format is called Kempston standard, and that's the one to have. A gentleman by the name of Steve Wyatt is producing "Kempston type" interfaces for the T52068 to solve the Spectrum woes on this side of the Atlantic. Steve has sent we a sample of his interface, and I just can;t express the fantastic difference it makes. It's great. Steve produces two versions of his product. One, which plugs into the cartridge port, is available from Russell Electronics, for \$19.95. This is fine for use with the Russell Romswitch, which doesn't use the cartridge slot, but it's obviously incompatible with cartridge based emulators. (I don't think Russell minds.) Steve also makes a version that plugs into the TS2068

backplane, and he'll sell you either version directly for \$19.95. Be sure to specify which type you want. Since he's never been mentioned in this column before, his address is:

Steve Wyatt 4306 Jefferson St. Hyattsville, ND 20781

and he won't mind you calling him at 301-779-7743. It should also be pointed out that the Kempston standard does not completely decode the I/O port, causing possible conflict with other peripherals. Steve's interface mimics the Kempston standard exactly, although he can also supply a decoded version should you prefer one. Check with him for pricing and availability on these.

As hinted above, I try not to give a dealer's address more than once ever in this column, so if I've given it in the past, I'll only mention the name in upcoming installments. This reduces the appearance of favoritism, which I avoid as best I can. Nevertheless, in a good cause and under proper circumstances, the rules should be trashed.

As usual, I love to get mail and phone calls. Anyone with questions or comments is welcome to write me: Wes Brzozowski

337 Janice St.

Endicott, NY 13760

Like always. I freely correspond with anyone who wants to swap ideas or information, and will answer letters that just contain questions provided that they contain stamped self-addressed envelopes. My phone number is 607-785-7007, and I do enjoy phone calls. Just try to call before 9:00 PM,EST.and don't call collect. Hope to hear from you.



###TRAINS###

by Stan Livingston



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----SINE AND COSINE CURVES-----



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AERCO SCREEN COPY ROUTINE FOR ARTWORX



> DAVE SCHOENWETTER 1335 FARM to MARKET RD. ENDWELL, NEW YORK 13760

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	20042	JDIE	HL .	AND D
	23343	282F	2003 -	JR Z 5834
	23345	5831	78	LD A.E
	11550	5072	D1	08 0
	23343	1001	01	UNL
	23341	3822	41	LD U,A
	23348	5834	24	INC R
	27740	5875	CDTD .	CPI F
	23347	5077	1000	JALL E
	52221	2821	3014	JK NC 3829
	23353	5839	CD6058	CALL 5860
	27754	3792	25	DEC H
	07757	5070	10	
	22221	2820	20	UEC H
	23358	583E	25	DEC H
	977750	SAIE	25	DEC H
	17710	ED.IG	20	DEC II
	22200	3840	23	DEC H
	23361	5841	25	DEC H
	23362	5842	25	DEC H
	57717	EDAT	55	DEC U
	20000	3843	23	DEC A
	23364	5844	CB3A	SRL D
	23366	5846	30E1	JR NC 5829
	27710	SDAD	20	TNC
	23300	0700	1000	DINT FROM
	23394	3844	1000	DANY 2871
į.	23371	5B4B	ØEØD	LD C.OD
	23373	584D	CDARSR	CALL 5860
	27771	EDEG	Ar	VOD A
	20010	7076	нг	AUN H
	23317	5851	85	UKL
	23378	5852	2004	JR N7 5818
	27708	5054	7500	LD & 99
	20000	5DEL	0100	LU H UO
	23382	2826	84	ADD A.H
	23383	5857	67	LD H.A
	27706	5050	EESO.	CD 50
	23307	JEJO	FEJO	UF JO
	12289	2828	2880	JK C 2818
	23388	585C	C9	RET
	27700	5850	20	NOP
	17700	SDEF	00	NOD
	23340	DRDF	00	NUM
	23391	585F	08	NOP
	23392	5BAD	DB7F	IN A. 7F
	27304	5010	5410	AND ID
	10074	1000	2010	10 12 55/3
	23398	3864	201 A	JK NL 2860
	23398	5866	79	LD A.C
	27700	SRA7	D37F	DIT 75 A
	37464	50/0	00	NOD
	23401	3864	00	NUP
	23402	586A	DB/F	IN A,7F
	23494	5840	88	NOP
	27405	SRID	90	NOP
	DTIN	5000	90	NOD
	23406	JARF	NN NN	NUP
	23407	586F	69	RET

END OF LIST

8.

As I have had the time, I have been playing around with ARTWORX, and I can not say enough nice things about it. However with now several hours of use, I can see the difficulty of drawing on the screen, almost like drawing on air. Reference points are difficult to remember, and drawing perspective is somewhat difficult. I expect with more use I will be able to overcome some of the problems inherint. With the resolution available one can do a fair job of creating "art". Erasing is somewhat a bug, either too much or too little. By slowing the erase mode in FINE down to a 1 in velocity-detail can be saved from accidential erase. I have been using a sheet of acetate over the TV screen to help drav perspective-helps but is not the final answer. I like using ARC as you can draw arcs, circles and lines with little fuss. It is difficult to copy if the whole picture is drawn on the acetate, but if the outlines are sketched out the art takes shape better.

To use DAVE'S PROGRAMME- with AERCO type interface

1.On a new tape SAVE a bootstrap loader to LOAD **

2. Type in Dave's Program- SAVE on the tape

3.Write a second program to DELETE Dave's works and to LOAD*". 4.Strip the screent off the ARTWORX basic program-use MERGE to get the last BASIC and CODE loads, and SAVE them to tape.

I have used Dave's program just to print out screens from the ARTWORI's and copied from this article to test for bugs. Works fine Dave- THANKS! We have done this for the owners of both Aerco IFs and Artworx to better enjoy this fine program even better. I say we, Dave for the mc work and me for the pushing of him into doing it. Artworx is available from RAMEX Int'l. 17620 26 Mile Road, Washington, MI 48094

-PROGRAMby Stan Livingston SINCUS Johnson City, NY

The factorial function (n!) (1* 2*3 ... *x) accepts only positive integers. Gamma, a hig cendental function, (F) Gamma, a higher trans bears the relationship to the factorial b y F(x) =n!(x−1), but accepts deci mal and negative arguments as we It is much used in the solut LL. ion of statistical and engineeri ng problems. First GOTO 340, the n GOTO 5.

POKE 65411,64 to create gamma ch aracter (F) on graphics (F).

- 9-

"GAMMA": REM GAMMA 5 PRINT "PAUSE PERIOD?":G 10 INPUT INPUT ··· X ···· 20 X=0 THEN GO TO 32 X 0 THEN GO TO 50 30 IF 320 IF 40 IF X=INT X THEN GO TO IF X=INT X THEN GO TO LET Y=INT X 520 320 50 60 70 LET 80 LET Z=X-(INT Z = X + (INT X)U = Z + (A + (Z + 2)) + (B + (Z + 3))90 LET + (C*(Z+4)) + (D*(Z+5)) + (E*(Z+6)) + (F*(Z^7))+(H*(Z^8))+(I*(Z^9))+(U* (Z^10))+(K*(Z^11))+(L*(Z^12)) 100 LET W=W+(M*(Z*13))+(N*(Z*14))+(O*(Z*15))+(P*(Z*16))+(O*(Z*1 7)) + (R * (Z + 18)) + (S * (Z + 19))110 LET T=1/W 120 IF Y>0.THEN GO TO 150 130 IF X<0 THEN LET Y=ABS Y: T V=Y: GO TO 190 I F LET T=1/U: GO TO 230 FOR U=0 TO Y-1 LET T=T*(Z+U) 140 LET 150 160 NEXT 170 U 180 GO TO 230 190 FOR U=1 TO Y 200 LET T=T/(Z+(U-1)) 210 NEXT U V=0 OR V/2()INT (V/2) TH IF 220 EN LET T=T*(-1) 230 PRINT "GAMMA ";X;"=" 240 IF X=INT X THEN PAUSE G CL 240 IF A=1NI X THEN PHOSE G: 5 : GO TO 20 250 LET T\$=STR\$ T 260 IF T\$(1)="." THEN LET Z=4 LET W\$=" ": IF X<0 THEN LET U\$ 11 = " 270 IF T\$(2)="." THEN LET Z=4 LET W\$="": IF X(0 THEN LET Z=3 1: LET W\$="" Z = Z +280 IF T\$(2)<>"." THEN LET Z=4: LET W\$="": IF X<0 THEN LET Z= Z+1: LET W\$="" Z= 290 IF ABS INT X>=4 THEN LET US = 295 IF ABS INT X=4 THEN LET W\$= 300 LET Y=VAL T\$(1 TO Z) 310 PRINT ,U\$;(T-Y)+.0000000008 PAUSE G: CLS : GO TO 20 320 PRINT "GAMMA ";X;"=","INFIN TY": PAUSE G! CLS : GO TO 20 TTY 330 STOP LET A=.5772156649 LET B=-.6558780715 340 350 C=-.0420026350 360 LET D=.1665386113 370 LET E=-.0421977345 380 LET 390 LET F=-.0096219715 H=.0072189432 400 LET I=-.0011651675 410 LET 420 LET J=-.0002152416 LET K=.0001280502 430 L=-.0000201348 LET 440 M=-.0000012504 450 LET N=.0000011330 LET 460 0=-.0000002056 470 LET P=.0000000061 480 LET LET g=.0000000050 490 R=-.0000000011 500 LET LET 5=.0000000001 510 LET T=1 520 TO (X-1) 530 FOR U=1 540 LET T=T+U 550 NEXT U 540 560 GO TO 230

>REPRINT from May 1984<

"BRICK WALL".

PART II

funny answers, we get in lines 1 and 2:

A=B= 01 ,1000 =1

the 3's go on forever. The conputer shortens this to

00 .3333 = .3333

Therefore, the computer prints "NOT EQUAL".

by Wes Brzozowski

Last time we found that every BASIC for every computer contains a "BRICK WALL" that can prevent the computer from doing what you want. Since the wall is different for every computer, we concentrated on the TS1000 and we found a couple of places where we could "smash into it". As mentioned last time, I don't consider this a "bug", since it absolutely must exist in some form. If there is a lot of available memory (and a lot of clever programmers to write the BASIC interpreter) the wall might be very hard to find, but it's in there somewhere!

To try to understand the wall, let's look at one of the problems presented last month. If we ENTER the following into a TS1000:

1 LET A = 1 2 LET B = A 3 LET B = B/3 4 LET B = B\$3 5 IF A = B THEN PRINT "EQUAL" 6 IF A<>B THEN PRINT "NOT EQUAL"

and RUN the progam, we get a surprising result. At the end, A=1 and B=1, so we should get "EQUAL" as answer. Instead we get "NOT EQUAL". Curious. If we change the order of lines 3 and 4, which shouldn't change the answer, we get "EQUAL" as an answer. Curiouser and curiouser. If, instead of changing lines 3 and 4, we transpose the A and B in line 5 (i.e. IF B=A THEN PRINT "EQUAL"), we will get BOTH "EQUAL" and "NOT EQUAL"!!!??

Rather than get involved in binary numbers right now, let's imagine a computer that really works in decimal. Now it's possible to specify a number that contains an infinite number of digits. Alas, we can't build a memory large enough to contain such a number, even with memory as cheap as it is these days. What we need to do is work out a scheme that let's us store numbers that can be pretty large or pretty small, and hope that we never need to exceed the limit. We might do it with the following format:

EXPONET NANTISSA

XX XXXX

The mantissa is a fraction with four decimal places. The exponent is a number that tells us how far to move the decimal point to the left or right. For example:

02 .1000 = 10	
---------------	--

51 .1000 = 1 (with 50 zeroes)

- 00 .3720 = .372
- -02 .1200 = .0012

05 .5432 = 54,321

Now let's try the second case, where we change the order of lines 3 and 4. In line 3, we multiply by 3, where $3 \times 1 = 3 = 01$.3000

Get the idea? Note that in the last case there aren't enough digits to exactly represent the number. As such 54321 and 54320

Now if we walk things through the program that gives us

In line 3 we divide 1 by 3. However, 1/3 = .3333333... where

In line 4, we multiply this by 3 to get 00 .9999 = .9999. Note

that .9999 is "NOT EQUAL" to 1, even though they're very close!

would be the same to the computer. This is the foundation of the

In line 4 we divide by 3, to get 01 .1000 = 1. The result is still 1, so we get "EQUAL" as an answer. Although the TS1000 does these contortions in binary and there are many more digits in a number, the same problems occurs.

The "BRICK WALL" is revealed!

Could the BASIC interpreter have been rewritten so that the "EQUALS" test would pass if the number were merely "ALMOST EQUAL"? The answer is "Yes", in fact, some BASICS operate in this manner. It's possible for this reason that the TS2068 always gives "EQUAL" as an answer to this program. However, this can also have it's problems, since there could be cases where it would falsely call two numbers equal, when they really should not be. The "BRICK WALL" is still there; it's just moved to a different place!

We still haven't discussed the case where both "EQUAL" and "NOT EQUAL" appear together. Did I say that the TS1000 NEVER passes the "EQUALS" test when the numbers are almost equal?

(No, I didn't, look again.) Apparently, "ALMOSI EGUAL" might be good enough, depending on the order of the numbers being tested. If this seems unreasonable, then I'll have to concede this is more of a "bug" than a "BRICK WALL" problem. Nevertheless, it's a great bug. It's somewhat amusing to be able to show two numbers to be equal and not equal at the same time. If there are some kids in your neighborhood who are "too smart" with computers, show that problem to them. It'll put them in their place.

For space reasons, we'll have to cover the FOR loop problem next time, although there's enough information for the reader to figure it out if they haven't already done so. Also, having thoroughly disgraced the TS1000 here, we'll continue to pick on the TS2068.

-10-

11 REM "spheri" 21 BORDER Ø 31 CLS 141 INPUT "Lower Theta Limit:"; a 1 151 INPUT "Upper Phi Limit:"; b2 161 INPUT "Upper Theta.Limit:"; Ь1 171 INPUT "Lower Phi Limit:":a2 181 INPUT "Slices in Theta:";n 191 INPUT "Slices in Phi:";m 201 INPUT "Observation Angle:" P. PRINT "S" 211 211 FRINT 3 216 LET U=.0174532925 221 LET q=q*U 231 LET cs=COS (q) 241 LET si=SIN (q) 251 LET h1=(b1-s1)/127: LET h2= (b2-s2)/(c-1) (b2-a2)/(n-1) 261 LET h3=(b1-a1)/(m-1): LET h 4=(b2-a2)/127271 LET m1=99999999: LET m2=m1: LET n1=-m1: LET n2=n1 281 FOR y=a2 TO'b2.STEP h2 291 FOR x=a1 TO b1 STEP.h1 301 GO SUB 611 311 NEXT X 321 NEXT ų, 331 FOR x=a1 TO 61 STEP 63 341 FOR y=a2 TO 62 STEP 64 351 GO SUB 611 NEXT 361 - 4 371 NEXT t1=(n1-m1)/2 421 LET 431 LET t2=(n2-m2)/2 441 LET w=t1/t2 451 IF w<1.279830 THEN GO TO 48 1 461 LET XS=12 471 GO TO 491 xs=127: LET zs=127/W 481 LET XS=99*W: LET ZS=85 491 FOR Y=82 TO 52 STEP 52 501 FOR X=81 TO 51 STEP 51 511 GO SUB 691 NEXT 521 - X NEXT 9 531 FOR x=a1 TO b1 STEP h3 FOR y=a2 TO b2 STEP h4 541 551 GO SÚB 691 561 571 NEXT - 9 581 NEXT X 601 STOP GO SUB 791 LET Xt=Xt-yt*cs LET Zt=Zt-yt*si IF Xt>n1 THEN LET n1=Xt IF Xt<m1 THEN LET m1=Xt IF Zt>n2 THEN LET n2=Xt IF Zt<m2 THEN LET m2=Xt IF ZtVPN 605 611 621 631 641 661 671 681 RETURN 691 GO SUB 791 701 LET ×t=127 xt=127+INT (xs*(xt-yt*c 711 LET zt=87-INT (zs*(zt-yt*si -n2+t2)/t2) 715 IF Xt(0 THEN LET Xt=0 716 IF Xt)255 THEN LET Xt=255 721 PLOT Xt,Zt 781 RETURN 791 LET Xa=X*U: LET c1=COS (Xa) LET s1=SIN (xa) 801 LET ya=y+0: LET c2=COS (ya) LET s2=SIN (ya) 821 LET xt=(c1)*c2 831 LET yt≠(c1)*s2 841 LET zt≃s1 851 RETURN

5 REM "output" 10 CLS 20 LET vt=1 25 LET as="SINCUS NEXT MEET OC tober 17 WEDNESDAY Here at 1st ity" 27 9 27 GO SUB 1030 28 LET vt=4 35 LET a≸="Classes at VPL OCT 36 ANOV 20, CHE35 MATCH ÷+00 31 ANOV 20, SUNNOV 2500+4 co 25 T 14 at the VPL SUNDAY 20044 63 me on down 40 GO SUB 1030 50 LET VT=10 60 LET b\$="Lines 10-170 to see . 60 70 GO SUB 2010 80 LET vt=11 90 LET bs="How to Print lines 0.0 100 GO SUB 2010 110 LET vt=14 120 LET b\$="Lines 1000-2100 to 130 GO SUB 2010 140 LET vt=15 150 LET b\$="See the routines 160 LET vt=19 180 LET vt=19 180 LET a\$="Copied from K-ROWER 170 by T.Cekolin our member from Mo bile Al" 190 GO SUB 1030 200 PAUSE 500: GO TO 1 000 REM ---OPTIONAL LINE BREAK 1000 SUBROUTINE ----1010 REM ***USE THIS IF YOU WANT THE OUTPUT SUBROUTINE TO SE ASL E TO HANDLE LINE THAT ARE LONGER THAN YOUR COMPUTERS SCREEN IS W TDE 1030 IF LEN a\$>32 THEN GO TO 103 0 1040 LET 55=35 1050 LET a\$=" 1060 GO TO 20 1060 GŌ. 2010 1070 RETURN 1070 REFORM 1080 LET y=32 1090 FOR x=2 TO 33 1100 IF a\$(x)=""THEN LET y=x-1 NEXT 1120 X b\$=a\$(TO y) a\$=a\$(y+2 TO) LET 1130 LET .1140 CET 35=35(9+2 00 0 GO SUB 2010 LET vt=vt+1 GO TO 1030 REM here's the output subr 1150 1160 1170 2000 2010 LET m=LEN 5\$ 2020 IF m/2<>INT 5\$=5\$+" "2<>INT IM.2/ THEN LET 2030 IF m/2()INT (m/2) THEN LET m = m + 12050 FOR n=1 TO m/2 2070 PRINT AT vt,16-n.b\$(TO n b\$(m-n+1 TO) 2080 NEXT_n 2100 RETURN

"spheri" and "output" from Tony Cekolin, Mobile, AL. Tony adapted "spheri" from June 1984 Creative Compating and is very SLOW! "output" is copied from K-Power. Spheri may take up to 20 minutes to begin to plot. You are asked for upper and lower x and y or phi and theta limits. Then you are asked for the mumber of slices you want-cross sections. The controlling equations are lines 821 and 831. If someone can come up with more good rectangular or spherical coordinate systems which create more interesting surfaces, write me: Tony Cekolin, 3701 Mossvale Dr. Apt 11-1, Mobile AL 36608.

.

CERTIFICATE MAKER ЪЧ John Colonna 3 × Press any key to continue aî si XX R R REM certificat LOAD ""SCREEN\$ BORDER 6: RESTORE 00.00 10 SUB GD 9000 50 PRINT AT 18,3 FLASH 1; "Pre s s s any key 60 PAUSE 150 CLS to continue. ø NH HF Ξøø "How mary S THEN GO INPUT lines?(1-8) _i>8 TO 200 ι=8 (=7 THEN LET 9 = 4İF THEN 9=5 THEN l = 5ğ =6 9 =7 ĪF 1=5 THEN ĪF LET 1 = 4THEN 9=8 IF 1 = 3THEN 9 = 9 IF 1=2 THEN 9=10 l = 1THEN LET 9=11 FOR i=1 TO U INPUT "Print INPUT "Print line (1-26 (C\$: PRINT AT 9,(32-LEN 1235 1235 250 8080 cha (生) /2:0\$ 235 LET y=y+2 240 PRINT 250 NEXT i 8080 PRINT AT 20.2. 6 H FU FL M N" ABCDEF 3085 PRINT AT 21,2 0 % * % # 1 0 0 8090 INPUT "Which Ξ ð + н graphics symbo SR. The second 3100 i=0 TO -31 PRINT AT 0 1 :as; 8110 NEXT FOR i =0 TO *31 PRINT **AT** 1 , 1 ;a≴; 8120 NEXT) FOR i=1 TO 1; ER 1;3\$;3\$;TAB NEXT i 18PRINT TAB Ø: OVER 30: OVER 1;3\$; аŝ 3130 EXT 8200 FOR i=1 TO 64 PRINT 3 \$ N i INPUT "COPY of AGAIN? (C/A) -7:2≴ 8300 PY : 8300 PY 50 IF C# 3350 IF C# 3699 STOP 9000 REM 006 255 255 9000 CATA 255 255 9010 CATA 255 255 9020 FOR a=0 TO 7 9030 READ 5 POKE 9040 DATA 129 66 TOR a=0 TO c POK c\$="c" TO 8200 c\$="a" IF 10 \$ = 1 O 1 OF THEN CO 1年=181 THEN 60 135 195 노골트 19 JER 1**0**1+6,p 66,60 60.60,60.66 9030 9090 READ F' NEIT à CATA Ø, 138 " + 8 E 9110 0 0.255,255 0 0 255.255

 $9120 \\ 9130$ FOR a=0 TO READ 5: POKE OSR · # + a -9140 NEXT а 9160 DATA 0,24,24,126,128,24 21 ā 9170 FOR a =Ø TO 7 9180 READ POKE Ь: USR * + 5 4 . 5 9190 NEXT A. 9210 DATA 0,60,126 102.102 136.6 0,0 9220 9230 FOR \overline{Z} a =Ø TO READ Ь: POKE USR 1**0**11+8 . 0 9240 NEXT a 9260 DATA 102,102 2,102,102 9270 FOR a=0 TO 7 102,102,102 102,102 10 9280 READ ь: "ll"+a.b POKE USR 9290 NEXT a 9310 DATA 60,126,195.195,195.195 ,126,60 9320 FO 9330 RE 9340 NE FOR a=0 TO 7 READ D: NEXT a POKE - C.S.R Ð1 +5 T 9360 DATA 204,204.51,51 204.204 51,51 9370 9380 POR a=0 READ 5: NEXT a TO 7 Poke USP 3211+3 -9390 9410 DATA 24,24,0,218 219.0 E4 E 4 9420 9430 9440 FOR a =0 READ b: TO \overline{Z} PÖKE USR 141142 ÷ NEXT a 9460 DATA 195,195,60.50.60 .80 14 5,195 FOR a=0 READ b: NEXT a 7 TO 9480 POKE USE)(二十日 Ξ 9490 ð 9510 DATA 0,238,238 0 0 235 233 Ø 9520 9530 FOR a=0 READ b: FOR \overline{Z} TO POKE ********* 1.58 c 9540 NEXT a 9560 DATA 231,231,231.0 0.251.23 1,231 9570 FOR a =Ø TO 7 POKE 9580 READ ъ. 135 1.23 + = -9590 NEXT a 9610 DATA 0,128,66,88.88.88 125 ø 9620 FOR a=0 TO 7 9630 READ b: POKE UER 1+3 9640 NEXT a 9660 DATA 255,129.129 122 123 _ = 9,129,255 9670 FOR a,=0 TO 7 READ 9680 bi POKE USP "[]"+5 : 9690 a 9700 9999 RETURN. 00 RETORN. 99 SAVE "certificst" LINE 29 1,32: PRINT AT 9,9. INV. "Program Saved": INPUT , then press (ENTER: to ... ";q\$: VERIFY "certificat 1,0: PRINT AT 13 7: FLASH T.G INVERSE Rewi at SEE EEP 1;n d FI ING Ê 1 rogram Verified.



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
Press any key to continue.
5 REM boxes John Colonna Revised Aug. 1985 3 RANDOMIZE : CL3 : BORDER 6 10 GO SUB 800 20 LET x=7: LET y=1 25 LET n=INT (RND*20/+1 27 LET r=INT (RND*3)+1 28 GO SUB 200 30 FOR i=1 TO n
40 FRINT HT X,9; PAPER 5: INF 1:a\$;AT X+1,9;b\$: BEEP ,5,1 45 IF 9>27 THEN LET X=X+5 LET 9=1: GO TO 60 50 LET 9=9+3 60 NEXT i 70 INPUT "How many boxes are t here? ";t\$: IF t\$="" OR t\$>="A"
OR t\$>"z" THEN GO TO 70 80 IE VAL t\$=n THEN GO SUB 500
90 IF OHL (\$()) IHEN GO IO 600 100 CLS - 10 TO 20 200 IF c-1 THEN LET Standard () IF
T 54="""
T 55="""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
T 55="" " 230 RETURN 500 RETURN
503 PRINT AT 18,7:"
R R E C T" _509 FOR i=1 TO 10 BEEP .1,i: N
510 PAUSE 45 550 PRINT AT 20,3 PAPER 6;"Pre ss any key to continue.": PAUSE 0
590 RETURN 600 PRINT AT 16.7 INVERSE 1;"I N C O R R E C T" 602 FOR i=15 TO 10 STEP -5: BEE P.4,i: NEXT i 605 PRINT AT 18.7. FLASH 1;"T R Y A G A I N" 520 GO TO 70
800 PRINT AT 2,3; PAPER 6;"1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
802 PRINT AT 4,0;"
803 PRINT "";AT 5.31;""" 805 PRINT " 1 11 22 3 3
4444 55 5 810 PRINT 1 1 2 2 3 3
4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

820	PRINT		111		11	-	-	-	
1830	PRINT		1	.i	1	1	:	-	
	PRINT		1	1	-		1	3	
4840	PRINT		111		23		2	2	
4444 843	55 PRINT		; AT	_					
845	PRINT								-
053	DOTHE	OT	4 E	.4			-		

14 151.618 19 EC 860 GÖ 510 SUB õĒs RETURN 900 "boxes" LINE AT 9,9: INU 9999 SAUE ĒĒ ,32: PRINT AT ogram Saved" INVERSE

> A BIG scroll of the screen to all those who donated their time and talents to this issue, with much thanks to Dave Schoenwetter, Wes Brzozowski, John Colonna, Stan Livingston, Ian Robertson, Arthur Mortensen, Tony Cekolin, Clyde Tackley and those behind the scenes, John Sims, Gary Ennis, Dave S., and Charlie Keoth...thank you.

Sharing ideas and opinions that's what this user group is all about. Keep those cards and letters and programs coming folks,...questions, want ads, etc, lets DO IT!

Faul Hill, SINCUS and RENEWALS too help out!!!!

FOR SALE-----FOR SALE

ZX-81 board mounted on a computer continuum expansion board with 16K Rampack and an 8K Hunter non volatile RAM. All in a metai enclosure. External power supply with 9V for processor, 6V for tape, 26VAC for 2040 printer and 12V for keyboard. Power remote controlled from processor. Full size keyboard with enclosure. Processor connections for printer, keyboard, joystck, power, power control, video (tv), video direct, tape in/out. Included are programs, books, documentation, diagrams, joystick, tape deck, TV, extra ZX-81 running with 16K and external keyboard. Programs-Vu-Calc;Homefacts;Frogger;Mortgage;Vu-File;more-\$200.00 call Charlie Koeth 607-754-1566



(Version 3.0) === BUFPRINT ===

(dmp 1985)

This is a machine code routine that will let you print out ogris or all of your MTERM memory buffer to a full-size printer vis the TASMAN cpi.

cpi. Next, type in the following BASIC program to load up the First, LOAD the "tasbuff" code supplied with the TASMAN

Bufprint code:

10 LET SUM=0 20 FOR I=64000 TO 64263

30 READ A: LET SUM=SUM+A:POKE I,A 40 NEXT I

IF SUM=32333 THEN PRINT "CODE O.K.": STOP PRINT " ERROR IN CODE! RE-CHECK ": STOP ĝ 9

DATA 13,13,20,1,32,80 4000

DATA 114,105,110,116,63,32 4006

DATA 20,0,32,33,141,92 4012

DATA 126,33,143,92,119,33 4018

DATA 60,92,203,134,33,4 4024

DATA 92,126,254,255,32,251 1030

• 205,0,91,33,0,250 DATA DATA 4036 4042

6,15,126,215,35,5 DATA 4048

255,40,249,203,137,58 32,250,58,4,92,254 DATA DATA 4060 4054

203,201,215,62,13,215 86,104,237,82,124,181 203,129,42,75,92,17 8,92,254,121,32,2 DATA DATA DATA 4066 4072 4078

202,234,250,235,33,86 104,126,254,13,40,11 DATA DATA DATA DATA 4084 4090 4096 4102 4108

254,10,202,2,25,251,62 31,150,48,17,126,215 203,73,40,11,126,205 248,250,227,33,57,92 203, 142, 225, 35, 27, 122 DATA DATA DATA 4114 4120

-14-

92,254,255,202,203,250 179,202,234,250,58,4 58, 8, 92, 254, 112, 32 DATA DATA DATA 1132 4138 \$126

248, 250, 203, 137, 24, 41 4,203,201,24,54,254 109, 32, 9, 62, 13, 205 DATA DATA DATA 4150 4144 4156

254,102,32,4,203,193 24, 33, 254, 115, 32, 4 DATA DATA 9162 4168

203, 129, 24, 25, 254, 32 32, 17, 229, 213, 197, 1 0,0,005,233,48,205 DATA DATA DATA 4180 4174 4186

235, 31, 193, 209, 225, 24 DATA 4192

33, 140, 92, 54, 2, 225 -4,254,226,40,31,229 DATA DATA 4198 4204

203, 45, 194, 91, 250, 229 DATA 4210

213,197,6,0,14,2 DATA 4216

205,233,48,205,235,31 DATA 4222

193,209,225,195,91,250 33, 60, 92, 203, 198, 203 DATA DATA 4234 4228

73,200,62,13,205,248 4240 DATA

250,201,197,213,229,205 4246 DATA

4252 DATA 62,91,225,209,193,201

4258 DATA 62,13,119,195,107,250

You probably won't need this BASIC again, but SAVE it somewhere Now RUN it. If you get the error message, you If everything is "OK", made a mistake typing in the bytes. just in case.

1919

d-

SAVE "tasbuff"CODE 23296,254: SAVE "bufprint"CODE 64000,264 then save "tasbuff" and "bufprint" together on tape:

When your MTERM buffer contains the data that you want to Your screen ** INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING BUFPRINT VERSION 3.0 ** print out, exit to BASIC via Main Menu option E. may show some garbage or nothing at all.

Enter this command directly:

LOAD ""CODE : LOAD ""CODE : PRINT USR 64015 and start the tape with "tasbuff" and "bufprint." The program

will start with the "PRINT?" prompt. 3. If you press (y), the buffer will be printed out from the beginning. We sure your printer is on and ready to go. If you press <n>, the buffer will come out on your screen without printing.

While the program is running, the following keys are used to control it: 4.

Buffer will continue to scroll out d< activates the printer. Whatever follows gets printed.</pre>

on your monitor. This key also gives you Line Feeds 14 pressed more than once.

(You can flip back and forth between (p) and (m) as many times as you'like, to print out sections of the buffer.) (+> for FAST mode. This kicks Bufforint into high gear to skip

<s> for SLOW mode. Bufprint starts out in slow mode after you through the buffer quickly.

answer the "PRINT?" prompt.

(Again, you can flip between FAST and SLOW whenever you want.) <SPACE) or (BREAK) for temporary stop. Press any other key to Control Key, it will have its usual effect. If you press Note that 14 the key you press to resume is a

buffer one character at a time. To exit the program before the entire buffer has come out, <SPACE> or <BREAK> repeatedly, you can creep through the 'n

use the Timex STOP command (Symbol Shift/A).

I recommend that you permanently set your DSPW to 80, so you can take advantage of the full width of your printer.

accupied by MTERM; however, MTERM does use this section during together, and then yo on-line, the Bufprint code will be obliterated. Don't try to use it or you'll crash. Just exit to BASIC and load Bufprint. This program occupies a section of memory that is not So, if you LOAD Bufprint and MTERM its normal operation. Note.

edition I sent up a while ago) is that it uses none of the low-address memory used by the buffer. I have used it to print The advantage of this version of Bufprint (over the BASIC out a completely full (27256 bytes) buffer.

As always, I would appreciate any of your questions or suggestions for improvements.

David Pranitis 74756,164

KOALA PAD W/ZEBRA GRAPHICS INTERFACE INCLUDING ZPAINT and TECH DRAW

by Arthur Mortensen, Corresponding Member, New York, New York

At \$89.95 for the Koala Pad, I/F and ZPAINT, this is a fair alternative to buying a new computer for graphics. \$19.95 for TECH DRAW (@ 1985 by ZEBRA Systems, Inc.) completed the package, which arrived ten days later with items that will discuss later (when they work),

A Koala Pad is a digitizing table where a grid is used to read the position of a stylus that the user presses against a flat surface. In my experience, the pad is far superior to a mouse as you can emulate freehand drawing and you don't have to have a clean desk to use it. As delivered, the pid and the I/F (an uncased but heavily shielded circuit with two ports for pads and an edge connector for your AERCD or whatever) worked perfectly. and included clear instructions for installation.

ZPAINT, a simple but effective color graphics package, has the expected selections for paper color (which may be changed at any time without wiping out the drawing), ink, brush or pen, erase or draw, line or freehand, and circle. It is pleasant to play with but images created cannot be printed as the gray scaling of colors does not register as anything but black. A Tasman 1/F in combination with a Radio Shack color printer might work if you can write a driver for it. For my wife, a prize winning painter ZPAINT proved more fun for me; she found it similiar to working with oil-based pastels.

TECH DRAW is an altogether different kind of program. Al Hartman, the chief hacker at ZEBRA, set out to emulate MacPaint, with most user interaction between the screen and the Koala Pad (instead of a nouse). Its features include

- A) Brush selection (16 in all)
- 8) Shade and pattern selection (16 in all)
- C) Filters for permitting drawing in only vertical or horizontal directions (if desired)

- D) A line drawing mode (point to point selection, then connected with a button push)
- E) A circle draver(seems useless until you note it works with the selected brush and shade)
- F) A fill mode
- 6) An undo mode(which can be undone)
- H) A full screen text editor which includes a choice of small, medium or large type in bold, plain or Italic.

1) An 1/0 menu to select a small (2 x 4 inch) or a large (8 x 10 1/2) image on your 80 column printer, save, load, verify, and printing to either the Alphacom or TS2040 thermal printers. For this you customize to suit printer and 1/F type when creating your backup tapes. The customization list inlcudes Epson, Okidata, Gorilla. Banana, and a few other dot matrix printer, and either the Tasman or Aerco L/F's. As these print drivers happen to be on a seperate file, I have no doubt a clever person could add them to other programs. Al Hartman would probably help you.

Yes, Dad, but does it work? It works brilliantly. How brilliantly? Well, it does what the ad copy says, and it does it in a hurry (machine code, naturally). The enclosed printouts probably don't do the thing much justice. I am not an artist and the ribbon on my FX is a tad old but I find it hard to believe anyone could make a better program of this type for the TS2068. It has a wide variety of uses, from holiday cards to circuit design. True, it von't take data from VU-CALC and make a pie chart but you can make one easily enough. And consider this, While MacPaint has all kinds of cute scaling tricks and libraries of shapes, you have to spend \$2000 bucks to get the computer, a second drive and a printer. Why bother? TECH DRAW and the Koala Pad cost a grand total of \$119.95 and with patience, time and effort it's unlikely you could do better by blowing the extra \$1881.05 on a Macintosh. Of course a disk drive would make it betterm ...

... about which I write in my next contribution.



on the TS2068 GOING TO DISK by Art Mortensen

problem is what to do with your taped software. Your dealer may tell you that "real soon now" they'll have disk versions How to move If you've bought a disk system, whatever variety, your next of your favorite software, but don't bet on it. software from tape to disk?

You just change Obviously, BASIC programs are the easiest. You just change all of your LOAD and SAVE code to match the appropriate commands in your disk operating system, then SAVE to disk. After that, no problem.

This is fairly straightforward, even with a loader that can't be stopped with BREAK. Start by writing a phony line of code, i.e., 9999 REM. Then MERGE the loader. Try it with 50 certain you haven't accidentally overwritten a line of the Then turn the computer 19). If there is a several different line numbers for the phony code to make Then alter the LDAD & SAVE commands to suit your loading screen, and you want to keep it, LOAD "" SCREENs. disk system (the Zebra/Portuguese TC2068 system requires LOAD *, SAVE *, and names for everything (no wildcard What about programs with code (most of the better ones?) When it's in, SAVE it to disk. 'Again, clear everything. Then LOAD "" CODE. So far, so simple, right? and off (absolutely clear everything). loads). SAVE the loader to disk. Loader .

No. don't run the thing fromAuntil 3AM. Run it until you get the starting address of the program. Mscript, for example, starts around 32,020 or something. Then restart the program by first in direct mode LET a starting write a little program, say, IF PEEK a <>0 PRINT PEEK a, a 10 FDR a=24500 TD 65534 NEXT a 30 20

[her

-16-

addresses rolling agross your screen, say N to "scroll?" and increase the value of a in the direct mode, up another thousand, say. At the first point you get a long stretch of a blank screen, BREAK. Decrease the value of a. If you increased it by 1000, decrease it from that number by 500. until you get an address followed by a lot of blank screen. That's most likely the high or ending address of the code. BREAK the program. Write down the high number. Delete the little program by simply hitthe number and return, i.e., 10 <CR> 20 <CR> 30 <CR> 50 <CR> 50 <CR> 50 <CR> 50 of the ording the line number and return, code. If your starting address is 27500 and the ending address 34500, the line is SAVE *"code" 27500,7001. The last number is the number of bytes to save (37500-27500 + 1) (I always save one extra for reasons that will probably escape any decent programmer). The * is TOS's flag to indicate a Y to "scroll?" Run it until you address + 5000). Then GDTD 20. If there's still code and GOTO 20 and so on until you get code again. save to disk. Your system may differ. 「「「「

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and change them to suif the disk drive system. Even without Assembly programmers will hunt down the load/save routines those changes, seeing Mscript or Tech-Draw pop up in 10-15 this article (or my current ability to program). Jsing this method, I have moved Vu-3d, Flight Simulation, Tech-Draw, Mscript, Chess, and other programs to disk. I Tech Draw and Mscript, the reading and writing code (for pictures and text) is in assembly code and is beyond the seconds is a major pleasure, as is not worrying about backups, which are a snap to make with a disk system. scope of

get by, as the use of equations in GOTO statements, as in GOTO P1*P1/3. Just use programming sense. If there's a RETURN at the end of line 5 with no GOSUB prior, don't start there. One way to ease your way is to eliminate ONERR GOTO statements from the loader (what kept you from looking at it Some programs will drive you crazy in trying to get them to run from disk. A cute game by Jeff Naylor (Crisscross) will not work at all. I can save the code without trouble (it starts perilously near the system variables area). I can get the loader but cannot get the two to work together from disk. Jeff put some wild looking code in line 1, a NEW in life 5, so I knew well enough to start somewhere else on either a SAVE "CROSS" LINE or a GOTO to test it. Still didn't work. I tried eliminating the clever shift to white on white he used in line 1. Bombed. You try. Some programs use some slick tricks in the loader that you can pafore you MERGE-ed it).

PUBLISH IT in the newsletter. The system I use is the Zebra Systems drive (originally developed, in part, for the TC2068). I use an AERCO, so the print driver on MScript was done for that, as is the customized one on Tech-Draw. Any if anyone has a patch for TECH-DRAW or Mscript, please, isssi stance?

NEWS and VIEWS UPDATE

From 21/TS Forum, South Florida User Group-Aerco Disk IF update Aerco will be upgrading memory expansion to 256K of RAM configured as either a RAM disc or a bank switched format. Hard disc capabilities as well as a Spectrum emulator are in the works. Also for those with Smart term II-here is speed dialer, POKE 54835,72: POKE 54836,4: POKE 54846,5: POKE 54847,3: POKE 54856,26: POKE 54857,44-probably work fine only if you have touch dialing!

#8-The latest E.A. Brown catalog is out-if you're not on his mailing list- write for their newest one.

E. Arthur Brown Inc. 3404 Paymee Drive Alexandria, NN 56308

Several have taken advantage of the TS 2068 offer on page 5-

here it is almost 2 whole years since that watch company goofed and people are STILL buying the 2068. Not much in the way of new stuff for the 2068, but a lot of the old favorites still available.

The Plotter, CCATS, Oregon City OR-RNG Enterprises will be carrying the QL for about \$300, and the flat screen Sinclair TV. Sinclair, USA will mail-order QLs, but dealers around the country will handle the software and the flat screen TV-RNG Enterprises, 1419 1/2 7th Street, Oregon City, OR 97045:tele:503-655-7484

From our most enthusiastic member in Toronto, Canada; Ian Robertson sends a copy of his column for the Sinc-Link, and I also note that he is one very active person on the moden: He has gone disc, the Andek Andisk III 3° DD system for \$125-it is 2 three inch drives, power supply in a cabient, cable. He got it from Peripherals Direct Ltd. PO Box 4301, Northbrook, IL 60065. call 312-498-9244. The Larken Electronics Disc Drive IF is being updated, this item was reported in last SINCUS NEWS, and appartently the bugs are being corrected, and the user friendly is lacking, but maybe better with latest update.

Ot to keep our word, we 'll tell you what we got Gary Ennis for his 2 and half years as editor of SINCUS NEWSthe had order from England the following items, a microdrive extension cable, a Kenoston joystick IF and 12 blank micro drive cartridges, and since Wes had the order coming to his house, we in turn picked up the tab for the items. Again much thanks Gary, are you sure you dont want to keep on doing this ??? ...

SLUG, Louisville Ky, newsletter had a very timely little helper-a bright neon orange ty-wrap to mark your printer power supply cord!! I guess to keep a BIG mistake from occuring. Sary maybe you could sell some for the Portuguese 2068 power supplies too!

SPECIAL CLUB NEWS

A Special scroll of the screen and tip of the cartridge port to WES BRIDIOWSKI for entering the SYNCHARE programming contest this past spring and placing a respectable 2nd place!! Wes's 64 column driver program won him these laurels. Apparently the listing was either modified by SYNCWARE or copied incorrectly by several SYNCWARE readers who were quite irrate and called Wes to let them know of their problem. Wes's subscription had run out as had several others in the area and no one has seen the listing to help WES out of the pickle. Anyway Wes CONGRAIS and the program works preat!!

The upcoming holidays will give us pause from the daily business of making the bread that pays the bills. This has been an exceptional year for yours truly. The family's warmth and good health, additions and achievements far outweigh the problems, so I have much to be thankful for and much to look forward to. The club has continued to move forward, grov, publish and achieve new abilities thanks to the talents of many, who are so generous in giving of their time and talents. The many favorable comments received last meeting and in the mail make the task of getting the newsletter out a bit more fun, and much reflects on the great job that Gary did. The future continues to hold nev ideas to tap, products to enjoy and best of all the friendships and acquaintances made thru this little machine. I hope all who read this learn something, or smile at something, or get an idea

WISH LIST

The Spectrum 128, disc IF, printer IF

Bisc Drive Interface for a 2068, 2 drives and a pile of discs

a backup TS2068

Lebra Koala Pad and software

Hoden and software

RGB 13" Monitor

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Unligited bank account

lots and lots of TIME!

the pover to grant vishes

the ability to understand how to program in NC

the time to play with all of the above

someone to take the job as newsletter editor.

Thanks to all who contributed articles and programs for this issue. I hope many of you reading this will write a review- a program (short one)- an opinion or a tip on hard/software so that I don't have to write so much to fill up space. Again, Thank you and have a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Paul Hill Editor/SINCUS NEWS

SEE YOU AT THE NEXT

MEETING

at the Vestal Public Library December 18- Wednesday at 7pm

January 15- Wednesday at 7pm

Our GET WELL wishes to Bill Tilley, Vestal -we miss ya!

Attached to many letters this month are "LATE DUES NOTES" if you got one, our bookkeeping showes you haven't renewed your subscription, if so this will be the last letter. Please let us know if you believe there is an error. Our next newsletter will be mailed in late January or early Feb.

Any submissions, ad or article must be in our hands by the 15th of January.

Our ad rates-have been decreased -due to drop in membership. 75 newsletters mailed down from 125. Full page-\$11 1/2 page -\$7 1/4 page -\$4 Members get a one time per membership ad of 22 lines by one column FREE. Membership rates are \$8.00 per yearfor the newsletter which will be published bimonthly.

PO BOX 36 JOHNSON CITY. NY 13790 Season's Greetings from all of us here at

SINCUS NEWS

